

373K Algebra I, Homework 6

From Artin

Chapter 2 (p. 74–75): 10.2, 10.4, 11.7, 12.2, 12.3.

Others:

1. Let G be a group, show that $G/Z(G)$ is never isomorphic to Q (the quaternion group of order 8).
2. Let G be an abelian group with $|G| = p^n$ for some prime p . Show that if G/H is cyclic for every $H \neq 1$, then G is cyclic or $|G| = p^2$ (**Tricky**).
3. A group G is called *solvable* if there is a chain of subgroups:

$$1 = G_0 < G_1 < \dots < G_k = G$$

such that G_i is normal in G_{i+1} and G_{i+1}/G_i is abelian.

Prove that $\text{PSL}(2, \mathbf{Z}/3\mathbf{Z})$ is solvable.

4. Referring to Q3, suppose that G is a group of order p^n where p is a prime. Prove that G is solvable.
5. Referring to Q3, prove that a quotient group of solvable group is solvable.

Sample Midterm 1 Questions

1. Let G be a group and for each $g \in G$ define $\phi_g : G \rightarrow G$ by $\phi_g(x) = gxg^{-1}$. Define $\text{Inn}(G) = \{\phi_g : g \in G\}$.
 - (i) Prove that $\text{Inn}(G)$ is a normal subgroup of $\text{Aut}(G)$.
 - (ii) Prove that $\text{Inn}(G) \cong G/Z(G)$.
2. Prove that S_4 has no subgroup of order 8. Does it have a normal subgroup of order 3?
3. Prove that if G is a group and H a subgroup of index n , then G has a normal subgroup K with $[G : K] \leq n!$.
4. Exhibit, with a complete explanation, 6 non-isomorphic groups of order 24, at least 4 of which must be non-abelian.