

This morning I had some free time, so I decided to play with the following question:

1. How many ways are there to connect some pairs of n points on a circle with nonintersecting chords? ("Some" may include "none.") Let M_n denote the number of ways.

I started by drawing pictures, and found that $M_0 = 1$, $M_1 = 1$, $M_2 = 2$, $M_3 = 4$, $M_4 = 9$, $M_5 = 21$, $M_6 = 51$. And I stopped drawing.

2. I then went to the famous website <https://oeis.org/>, *The On-Line Encyclopedia of Integer Sequences*, founded in 1964 by N. J. A. Sloane. There I entered my sequence 1,1,2,4,9,21,51, and was instantly led to this entry:

A001006 Motzkin numbers: number of ways of drawing any number of nonintersecting chords joining n (labeled) points on a circle.

1, 1, 2, 4, 9, 21, 51, 127, 323, 835, 2188, 5798, 15511,
41835, 113634, 310572, 853467, 2356779, 6536382, 18199284,
50852019, 142547559, 400763223, 1129760415, 3192727797,
9043402501, 25669818476, 73007772802, 208023278209, 593742784829
([list](#); [graph](#); [refs](#); [listen](#); [history](#); [text](#); [internal format](#))

3. Below the numbers is a long sequence of comments, and here is one:

COMMENTS Also number of Motzkin n -paths: paths from $(0,0)$ to $(n,0)$ in an $n \times n$ grid using only steps $U = (1,1)$, $F = (1,0)$ and $D = (1,-1)$.

4. I looked up the original paper of Theodore Motzkin: "Relations Between Hypersurface Cross Ratios, and a Combinatorial Formula for Partitions of a Polygon, for Permanent Preponderance, and for Nonassociative Products." *Bull. Amer. Math. Soc.* **54**, 352-360, 1948.

That paper was dated 1948 and written from the University of Jerusalem.