

§6.3

#8. Calculate the mass of the object bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 2x$ and the cone $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ if the density is given by $\delta(x, y, z) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.

Call the region W . In x, y, z coordinates, this region is given by

$$\begin{aligned}0 &\leq x \leq 2 \\ -\sqrt{2x - x^2} &\leq y \leq \sqrt{2x - x^2} \\ -\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} &\leq z \leq \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}.\end{aligned}$$

Switching to polar coordinates $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, $z = z$, this same region is given by:

$$\begin{aligned}-\pi/2 &\leq \theta \leq \pi/2 \\ 0 &\leq r \leq 2 \cos \theta \\ -r &\leq z \leq r.\end{aligned}$$

Call the region in polar coordinates W^* . Note that the reason $-\pi/2 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$ is that the equation $r = 2 \cos \theta$ traces out the unit disk centered at $(1, 0)$ with period π . So we know that we want θ to range over an interval of length π . I choose $-\pi/2 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$ so that r would always be non-negative. Using this change of coordinates we calculate:

$$\int \int \int_W \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dz dy dx = \int \int \int_{W^*} r^2 dz dr d\theta = 3\pi.$$