

ALGEBRA QUALIFYING EXAMINATION

RICE UNIVERSITY, SPRING 2022

Instructions:

- You should complete this exam in a single **four** block of time. Attempt all **six** problems.
- The use of books, notes, calculators, or other aids is **not** permitted.
- Justify your answers in full, carefully state results you use, and include relevant computations where appropriate.
- Write and sign the Honor Code pledge at the end of your exam: “On my honor, I have neither given nor received any unauthorized aid on this (assignment, exam, paper, etc.)”

- (1) (a) Provide one characterization of a group being *solvable*.
 (b) Provide one characterization of a group being *nilpotent*.
 (c) Which of the following statements is true?
 (i) A solvable group need not be nilpotent; or
 (ii) A nilpotent group need not be solvable.

Provide an example, with reasoning, to verify your choice.

- (2) Consider the polynomials $f_n(x) = x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + \dots + x^2 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$.
 (a) Determine if $f_5(x)$ is irreducible.
 (b) Determine if $f_6(x)$ is irreducible.

- (3) Let V be a finite-dimensional real vector space, and let $B : V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a bilinear form on V . The *left radical* of B is the following subspace of V :

$$V^{\perp\ell} := \{v \in V \mid B(v, v') = 0 \quad \forall v' \in V\}.$$

- (a) Prove that B is nondegenerate if and only if $V^{\perp\ell} = 0$.
 (b) If B is nondegenerate, what is the rank of B ?
 (c) If B is nondegenerate, symmetric, and positive definite, what is the signature of B ?
- (4) Let $\zeta_{13} = e^{2\pi i/13} \in \mathbb{C}$ be a primitive 13th root of unity.
 (a) Show that 2 is a primitive root of unity modulo 13.
 (b) Find, with proof, a primitive element for the intermediate field extension

$$\mathbb{Q} \subset K \subset \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_{13})$$

such that $[K : \mathbb{Q}] = 2$. Express your element in terms of ζ_{13} .

- (5) Let R be a commutative ring with unit, and let $f : M \rightarrow M'$ be an R -module homomorphism.
 (a) Prove that $M = 0$ if and only if the localizations $M_{\mathfrak{m}} = 0$ for all maximal ideals $\mathfrak{m} \subset R$.
 (b) Show that f is injective if and only if the induced maps $f_{\mathfrak{m}} : M_{\mathfrak{m}} \rightarrow M'_{\mathfrak{m}}$ are injective for all maximal ideals $\mathfrak{m} \subset R$.
- (6) Let R be a ring, and let P be a left R -module.
 (a) List three characterizations of P being a *projective* R -module.
 (b) Prove that one of the characterizations in part (a) implies another in part (a).