

September 8, 2015

**Semisimple finite-dimensional Hopf actions on Weyl algebras**

joint w/ Juan Cuadra and Pavel Etingof arXiv: 1409.1644  
1509.01165.

Take  $k = \bar{k}$ ,  $ch k = 0$ .

Understanding group actions is even tougher... later in Remarkable (wrong)

Big Goal To understand <sup>(finite-dim)</sup> Hopf alg actions / <sup>(finite)</sup> quantum symmetries of classes of (non) commutative algs.

Given  $k$ -alg  $A$ :

Say:  $A$  admits **No Quantum Symmetry** -OR-  $A$  admits **genuine q.sym**  
if all Hopf actions on  $A$  factor through **cocom. Hopf actions** if  $\exists$  an inner-faithful noncocom Hopf action on  $A$ .

( $\exists I \neq 0$  Hopf ideal of  $H$  so that there is an induced action of  $H/I$  on  $A$ )

[As usual,  $H$  acts on  $A \Leftrightarrow A$  is a left  $H$ -module alg.]

Concentrating on finite quantum symmetries, recall that there are 2 tractable classes of fin-dim Hopf algs.



have a No Quantum Symmetry result when  $A$  is a commutative domain:

**Theorem [Etingof-W, 2013]** Any semisimple Hopf action on a com. domain factors through a group action.

holds in positive characteristic if  $H$  is also cosemisimple.

We extend this result to semisimple Hopf actions on

a quantization of commutative domains :

the  $n$ -th Weyl algebra  $A := A_n(k) = \frac{k\langle x_i, y_i \rangle_{i=1}^n}{(\begin{matrix} [x_i, x_j] = [y_i, y_j] = 0 \\ [y_i, x_j] = \delta_{ij} \end{matrix})}$

general program will be discussed later in Roundtable (Etingof).

**Theorem [Cuadra-Etingof-W]**  
 Any semisimple Hopf action on  $A_n(k)$  factors through a group action

proved earlier by Etingof-W if we assume that

- \*  $A_n(k)$  has the standard filtration
- \* Hopf action preserves this filtration

we don't assume this here

PF of Thm 1 follows in three steps (made precise in a minute)

(a) Pass to characteristic  $p$  ("reduce mod  $p$ ") for  $p \gg 0$ .

to get  $H_p \curvearrowright A_p$  over  $\mathbb{F}_p$

Reason:  $A_p$  is now a PI domain, so can localize!

(b) Study  $H_p \curvearrowright$  division alg in positive characteristic. & get  $H_p$  cocomm.

(c) Obtain result in char 0:  $H$  is cocommutative.

**Proposition** \*  $H$  semisimple, cocommutative Hopf alg of dim  $d$ , over alg. closed field  $F$  of arbitrary characteristic.

\*  $D_F$  division alg over  $F$  of degree  $N$  over  $Z(D_F) =: Z$  admitting action of  $H_F$ .

further results on Hopf actions on div. algs discussed later in Roundtable (Cuadra)

Then:  $\gcd(d!, N) = 1 \implies H_F \curvearrowright D_F$  factors through action of cocom. Hopf alg.



(dropping subscripts)

Proof: degree argument using  $\gcd(d!, N) = 1 \Rightarrow D = \mathbb{Z}D^H$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cent}_D(D^H) = \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \text{ is } H\text{-stable} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{can show } \forall z \in \mathbb{Z}, h \in H, a \in D^H: \\ (h \cdot z)a = a(h \cdot z) \end{array} \right]$$

Assume  $H \curvearrowright D$  innerfaithfully. Take Hopf ideal  $I$  of  $H$  so that  $I \cdot \mathbb{Z} = 0$

$$D = \mathbb{Z}D^H \Rightarrow I \cdot D = 0$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{innerfaith.}} I = 0.$$

(co) Semisimplicity used here.

$$\xrightarrow{\text{[Thm 0]}} \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow H \curvearrowright \mathbb{Z} \text{ (field) innerfaithfully} \\ \Rightarrow H \text{ is cocommutative.} \end{array}$$



Step @ Reduction modulo p. (for  $p \gg 0$ ).

(Sketch).

\* Given  $H \curvearrowright A_n(k)$ , get  $\exists$  fin. gm. subring  $R$  of  $k$  so that  $H_R \curvearrowright A_n(R)$

(ss) innerfaithful

Hopf  $R$ -order in  $H$   
( $R$ -subalgebra of  $H$ )

$\leadsto$

$$H \simeq k \otimes_R H_R$$

\*  $\exists$  homomorphism  $\psi: R \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{F}}_p$  for  $p \gg 0$ , using this define

$$\begin{array}{l} H_{\psi,p} = H_R \otimes_R \overline{\mathbb{F}}_p \\ =: H_p \end{array}$$

\* Get  $H_p \curvearrowright A_n(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_p)$  for  $p \gg 0$  & this action is innerfaithful  
(ss, coss)

Now proof of Theorem 1. Assume that  $H \curvearrowright A_n(k)$  is inner faithful.

- (a) \* Reduce mod  $p$  to get:
  - $H_p \curvearrowright A_n(\mathbb{F}_p)$  inner faithful for  $p \gg 0$
  - $\leftarrow$  a PI domain, centralize.
- \* Take  $D_p = \text{quot. div. ring of } A_n(\mathbb{F}_p)$ .
- \* [Skryabin-van Ostaeyen]  $\Rightarrow H_p \curvearrowright D_p$  inner faithfully.

- (b) \* Since  $p \gg \dim H$  and  $\deg D_p = \text{power of } p$ , apply Prop. to get  $H_p = H_{\chi, p}$  is cocommutative for any homom  $\chi: R \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_p$ .

- (c) \*  $\text{ComAlg} \Rightarrow$  dir. prod of all such  $\chi$  is an injection of  $R$  into a prod. of fields.
- \*  $\Rightarrow H_R$  is cocommutative
- $\Rightarrow H$  cocom. & finite dim'l
- $\Rightarrow H \simeq kG$ , as desired. ///

In the same fashion, we also get that:

(\*) Semisimple Hopf actions on

- \*  $A_n(k[z_1, \dots, z_n])$
- \* quotient div. ring of  $A_n(k[z_1, \dots, z_n])$

factor through group actions nzo



Recently, we established a stronger No Quantum Symmetry result:

**Theorem 2 [CEW]** Any finite-dim'l Hopf action on  $A_n(k)$  factors through a group action.

(But now the remark (\*) doesn't apply:  
take  $n=0$ :  $\exists$  finite-dim'l (non-ss) inner faithful Hopf actions on  $k[z_1, \dots, z_m]$ .)

How does the proof of Thm 2 work?

new step (a)

**Cannot use Thm 0 [EW]**  
Reduce modulo prime  $p$   
 for  $p \gg 0$ .  
 Get  $H_p \curvearrowright A_n(\mathbb{F}_p)$  inner faithful  
 $\Downarrow$   
 Get  $H_p \curvearrowright D_p$  inner faithful  
 $\Downarrow$   $[Cent_{D_p}(D_p) = \mathbb{Z}]$   
 Get  $H_p \curvearrowright \mathbb{Z}(D_p) = \mathbb{Z}$  inner faithful  
 as in proof of proposition

Say we have  $H \curvearrowright A_n(k)$  inner faithfully, finite-dim'l  
 no effects step (b).

$\mathbb{Z}[p^m]$  modulo

Also need to Reduce modulo prime power  $p^m$   
 Get  $H_{p^m} \curvearrowright A_n(W_{m,p})$  inner faithfully  
 $\parallel$   
 $H \otimes_R W_{m,p}$   $\curvearrowright$   $m^{\text{th}}$  truncated ring of Witt vectors of  $\mathbb{F}_p$   
 $\Downarrow$   
 Get  $H_{p^m} \curvearrowright D_{p^m}$  (full local'n of  $A_n(W_{m,p})$ ) inner faithfully  
 $\Downarrow$   $[Cent_{D_{p^m}}(D_{p^m}) = \mathbb{Z}^{H(p^m)}]$   
 Get  $\mathbb{Z}^m = \mathbb{Z}(D_{p^m})$  is  $H_{p^m}$ -stable  
 $\Downarrow$  [computation: image of  $\mathbb{Z}^m$  in  $D_p$  is  $\mathbb{Z}^{p^{m-1}}$ ]  
 Get  $\mathbb{Z}^{p^m}$  is  $H_p$ -stable

new step (b)

We do have: Thm [CEW] \* Let  $H_F$  be a fin-dim'l Hopf alg over alg closed field  $F$  of char  $p$   
 \*  $\mathbb{Z}$  a finitely generated field ext of  $k$  of  $F$   
 \*  $H_F \curvearrowright \mathbb{Z}$  inner faithfully  
 \*  $H_F$  preserves  $\mathbb{Z}^{p^m}$  for all  $m \geq 1$ .  
 Then:  $p > \dim H_F \implies H_F$  cocommutative

Take  $F = \mathbb{F}_p$  & build from here

Now use Step (c) from before to get that  $H \cong kG$ , as desired !!!