

MATH 466/566  
SPRING 2024

CHELSEA WALTON  
RICE U.

## LECTURE #18

### TOPICS:

- I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES (§4.1.1)
- II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS (§4.3.1)
- III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS (§4.2.1)
- IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS (§4.2.2)

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

≡ RECALL ≡

MONOIDAL CATEGORY  
 $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, \alpha, \ell, r)$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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 $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

CONSISTS OF:

- (a) CATEGORY  $\mathcal{C}$
- (b) BIFUNCTOR  
 $\otimes: \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$
- (c) OBJECT  $\mathbb{1} \in \mathcal{C}$

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(c) OBJECT  $\mathbb{1} \in \mathcal{C}$

(d, e, f) NATURAL ISOMS:

$$a = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{x,y,z}: (x \otimes y) \otimes z \\ \quad \quad \quad \Rightarrow x \otimes (y \otimes z) \\ \quad \quad \quad x, y, z \in \mathcal{C} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$l = \{ l_x: \mathbb{1} \otimes x \xrightarrow{\sim} x \}_{x \in \mathcal{C}}$$

$$r = \{ r_x: x \otimes \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{\sim} x \}_{x \in \mathcal{C}}$$

SATISFYING THE

PENTAGON AXIOM

⊥ TRIANGLE AXIOM

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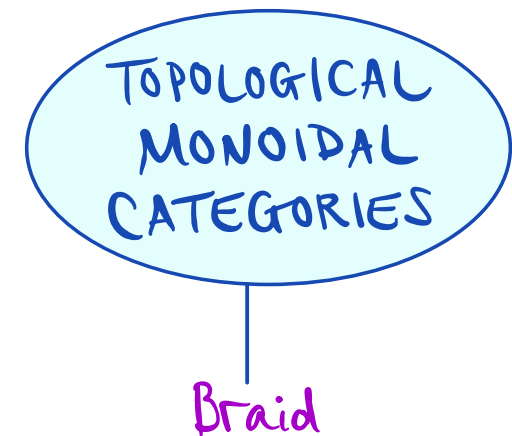
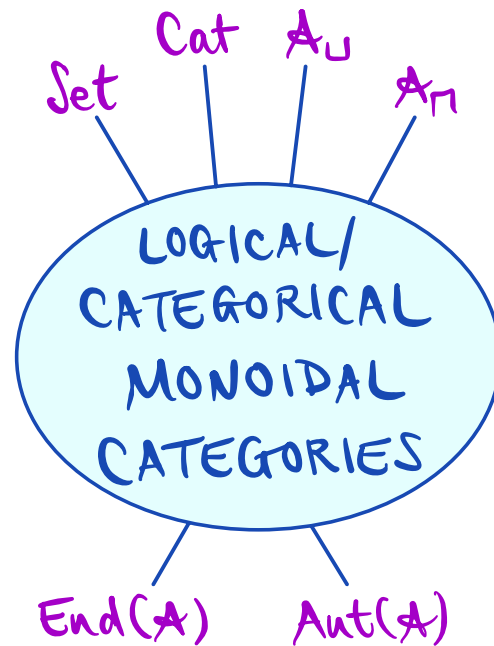
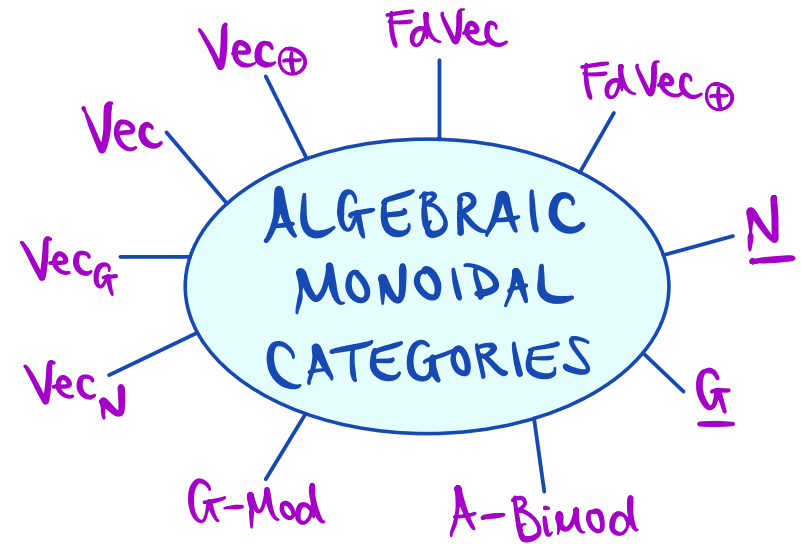
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SATISFYING THE  
**PENTAGON AXIOM**  
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LOTS OF  
 EXAMPLES



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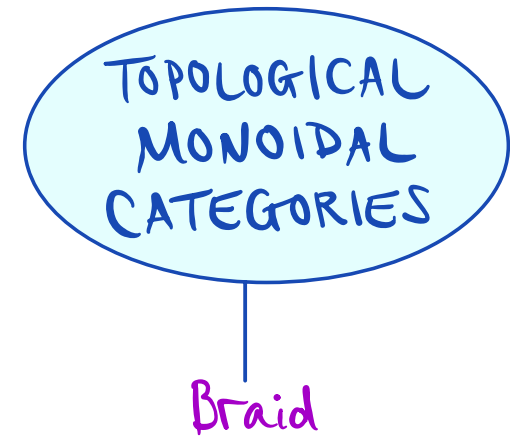
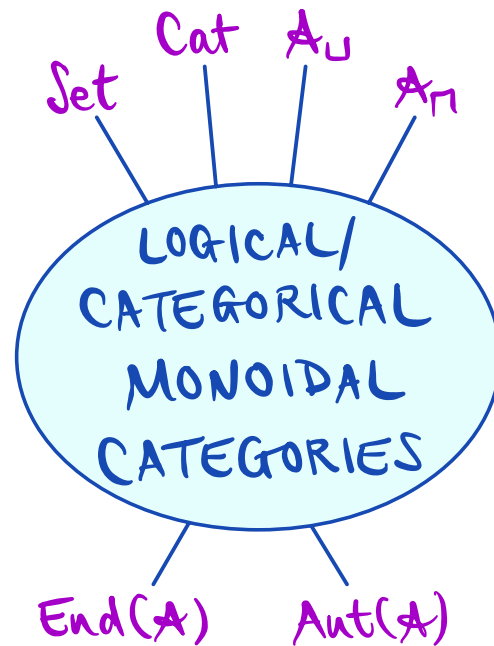
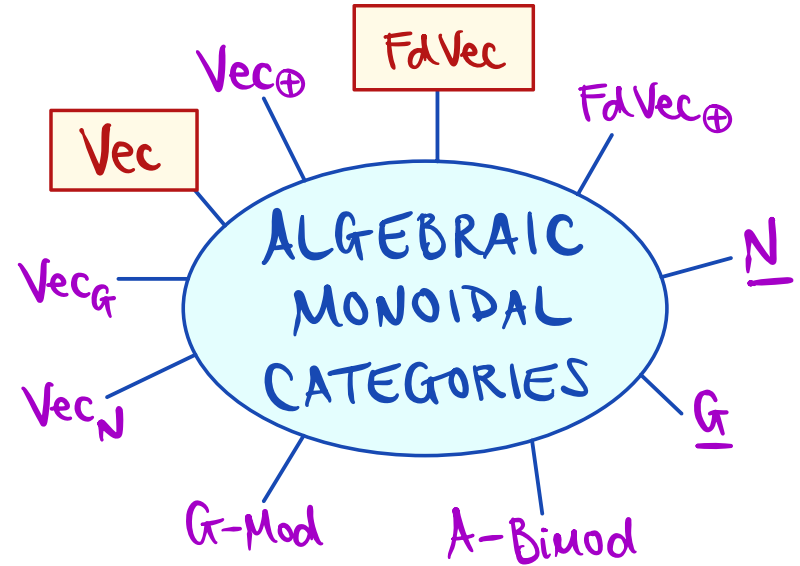
$$l = \{ l_x: \mathbb{1} \otimes x \xrightarrow{\sim} x \}_{x \in \mathcal{C}}$$

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SATISFYING THE  
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$$\mathbb{1} \mathbb{K} := \mathbb{K}$$

$$\mathbb{1} := \mathbb{K}$$



# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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 $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, \alpha, \ell, \gamma)$

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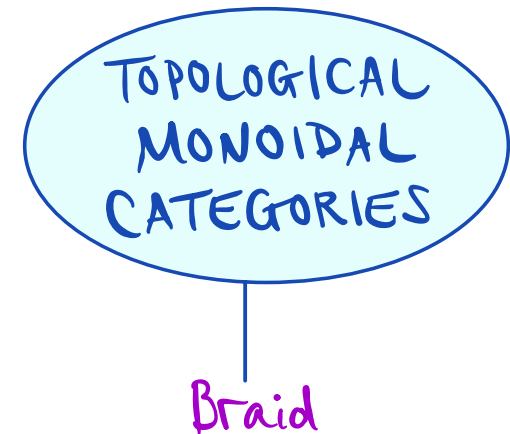
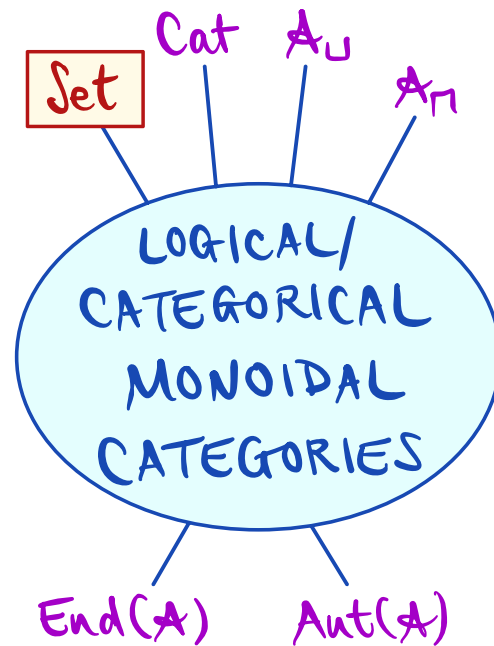
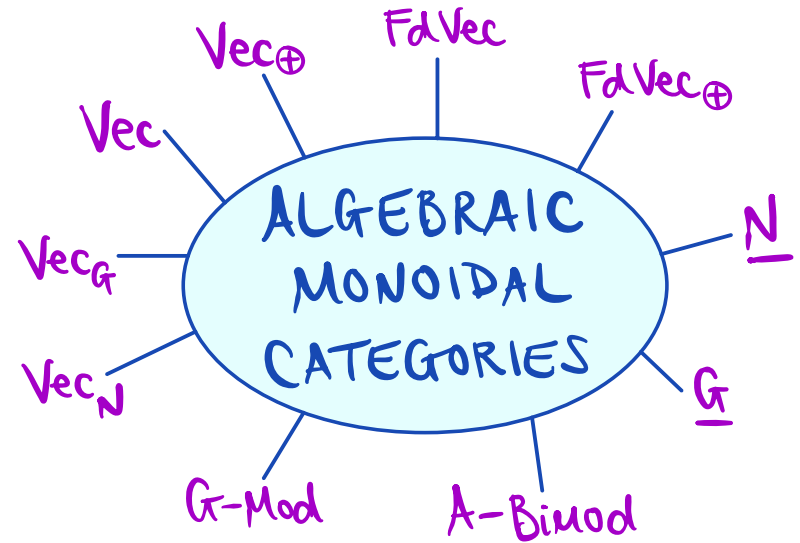
$$\ell = \left\{ \ell_x: \mathbb{1} \otimes x \xrightarrow{\sim} x \right\}_{x \in \mathcal{C}}$$

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SATISFYING THE  
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$$\otimes := X$$

$$\mathbb{1} := \{*\}$$



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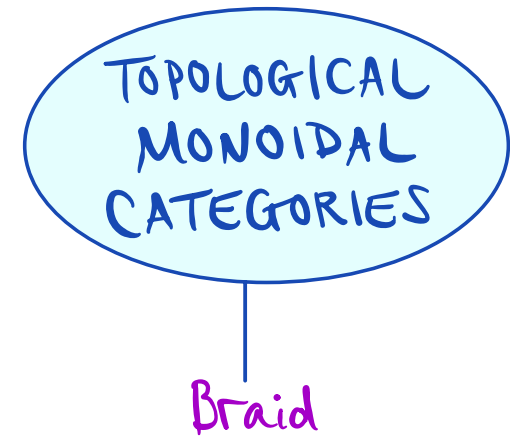
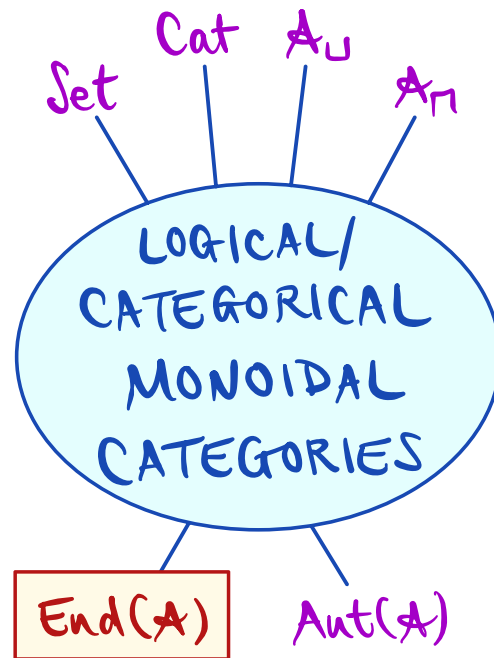
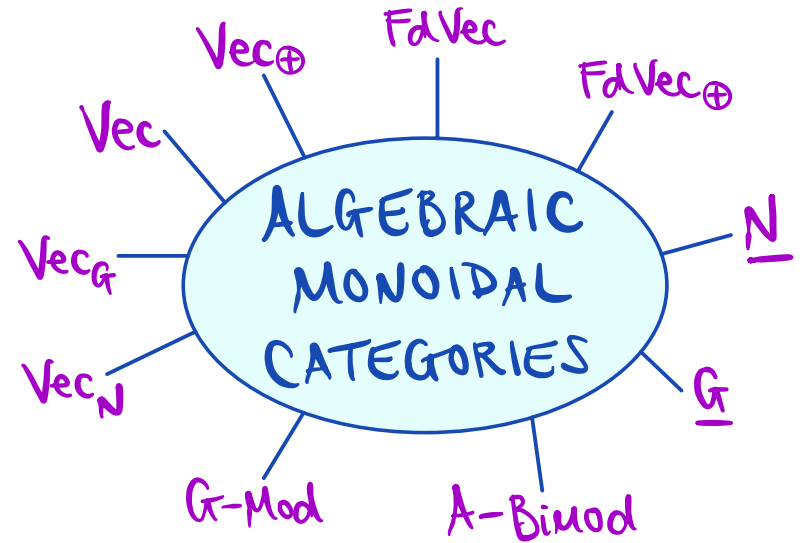
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SATISFYING THE  
**PENTAGON AXIOM**  
 $\neq$  **TRIANGLE AXIOM**

$$\otimes := \circ$$

$$\mathbb{1} := Id_A$$





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SATISFYING THE

PENTAGON AXIOM

& TRIANGLE AXIOM

AN ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, \alpha, \ell, \Gamma)$   
CONSISTS OF:

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AN ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

CONSISTS OF:

(a) AN OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b) A MORPHISM  $m := m_A: A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
(MULTIPLICATION MORPHISM)

(c) A MORPHISM  $u := u_A: \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
(UNIT MORPHISM)

SATISFYING:

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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SATISFYING THE

PENTAGON AXIOM

≠ TRIANGLE AXIOM

AN ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

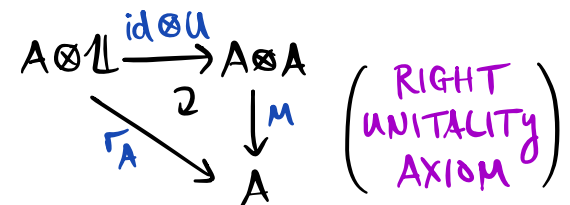
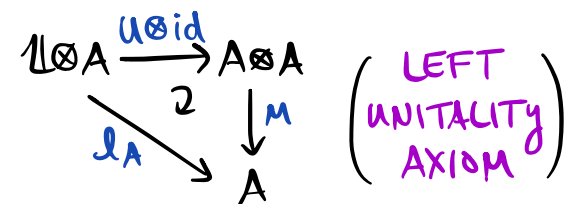
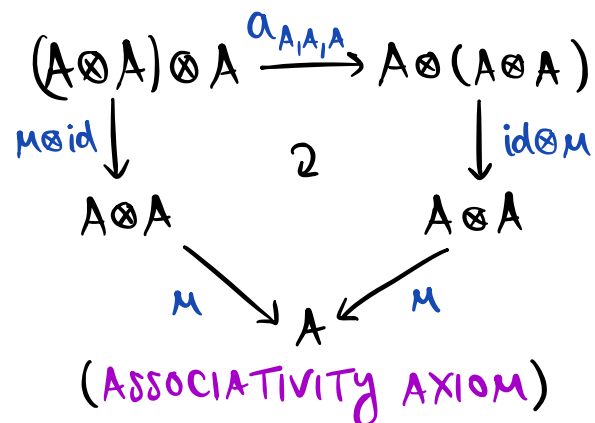
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SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 m \circ \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \circ m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \swarrow & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 l_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \circ u} & A \otimes A \\
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(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

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SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
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## EXERCISE 4.1

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Vec}, \otimes_{\mathbb{K}}, \mathbb{K})$  ARE  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRAS.

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$ :

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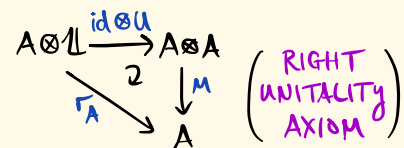
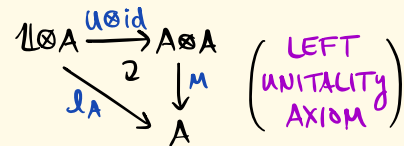
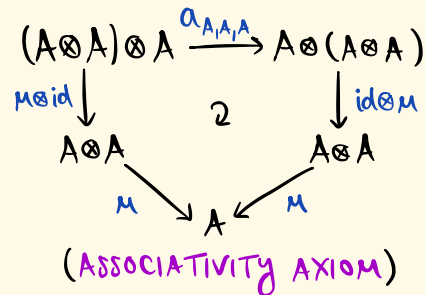
(b) MULTIPLYN MORPHISM

$$m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

(c) UNIT MORPHISM

$$u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

SATISFYING:



## EXERCISE 4.1

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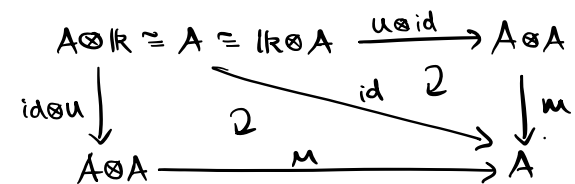
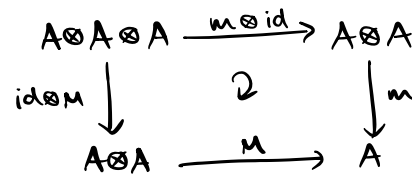
INDEED:

A  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRA IS A  $\mathbb{K}$ -VSPACE MADE INTO A UNITAL RING.

FROM LECTURE #2 ↷

A  $\mathbb{K}$ -VSPACE  $(A, +, 0, *)$  IS A  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRA IF IT COMES WITH LINEAR MAPS  $m: A \otimes A \rightarrow A$  (MULTIPLICATION)  $\&$   $u: \mathbb{K} \rightarrow A$  (UNIT)  $\mathbb{1}_{\mathbb{K}} \mapsto \mathbb{1}_A$

SUCH THAT THE FOLLOWING DIAGRAMS COMMUTE:



# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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SATISFYING:

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 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 m \circ \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \circ m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \searrow & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \ell_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \circ u} & A \otimes A \\
 r_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

## EXERCISE 4.1

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Vec}, \otimes_{\mathbb{K}}, \mathbb{K})$  ARE  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRAS.
- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Set}, \times, \{*\})$  ARE ???

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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 m \swarrow & & \searrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 l_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

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- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Vec}, \otimes_{\mathbb{K}}, \mathbb{K})$  ARE  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRAS.
- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Set}, \times, \{*\})$  ARE MONOIDS



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 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 \text{m} \otimes \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes \text{m} \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 \text{m} \searrow & & \swarrow \text{m} \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow \text{m} \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

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 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
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- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Set}, \times, \{*\})$  ARE MONOIDS

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{End}(A), \circ, \text{Id}_A)$  ARE "MONADS" (STUDIED LATER)

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$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
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 & & A
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(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

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 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
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(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

## EXERCISE 4.1

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Vec}, \otimes_{\mathbb{K}}, \mathbb{K})$  ARE  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRAS.
- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Set}, \times, \{*\})$  ARE MONOIDS

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{End}(A), \circ, \text{Id}_A)$  ARE "MONADS" (STUDIED LATER)

## TRIVIAL EXAMPLES

- UNIT ALGEBRA:  $(\mathbb{1}, m_{\mathbb{1}} : \mathbb{1} \otimes \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{1}, u_{\mathbb{1}} : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{1})$   
 $\parallel$   
 $\text{l}_{\mathbb{1}} = \text{r}_{\mathbb{1}}$   $\parallel$   
 $\text{id}_{\mathbb{1}}$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, \alpha, \ell, \gamma)$ :

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

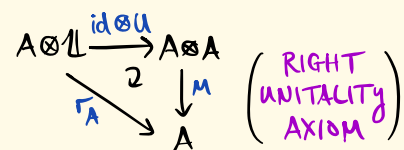
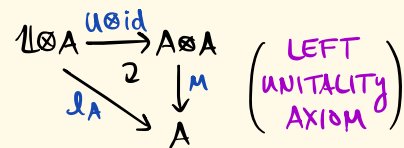
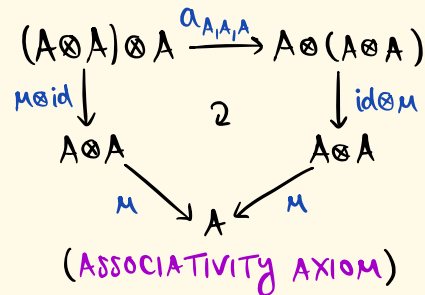
(b) MULTIPLY MORPHISM

$$m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

(c) UNIT MORPHISM

$$u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

SATISFYING:



## EXERCISE 4.1

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Vec}, \otimes_{\mathbb{K}}, \mathbb{K})$  ARE  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRAS.
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- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{End}(A), \circ, \text{Id}_A)$  ARE "MONADS" (STUDIED LATER)

## TRIVIAL EXAMPLES

- UNIT ALGEBRA:  $(\mathbb{1}, m_{\mathbb{1}} : \mathbb{1} \otimes \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{1}, u_{\mathbb{1}} : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{1})$   
 $\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ \ell_{\mathbb{1}} = \gamma_{\mathbb{1}} \end{array}$ 
 $\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ \text{id}_{\mathbb{1}} \end{array}$
- ZERO ALGEBRA:  $(0, m_0 : 0 \otimes 0 \rightarrow 0, u_0 : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow 0)$   
 IF  $\exists$  ZERO OBJ.  $\in \mathcal{C}$ 
 $\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ 0 \otimes 0 \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$ 
 $\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ \mathbb{1} \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$ :

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b) MULTIPLY MORPHISM

$$m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

(c) UNIT MORPHISM

$$u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 \text{m} \otimes \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes \text{m} \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 \text{m} \searrow & & \swarrow \text{m} \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \text{l}_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{m} \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
 \text{r}_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{m} \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

## EXERCISE 4.1

- ALGEBRAS IN  $(\text{Vec}, \otimes_{\mathbb{K}}, \mathbb{K})$  ARE  $\mathbb{K}$ -ALGEBRAS.
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## DETAILS = EXERCISE 4.5

## TRIVIAL EXAMPLES

- UNIT ALGEBRA:  $(\mathbb{1}, m_{\mathbb{1}} : \mathbb{1} \otimes \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{1}, u_{\mathbb{1}} : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{1})$   
 $\text{l}_{\mathbb{1}} = \text{r}_{\mathbb{1}} \quad \text{id}_{\mathbb{1}}$
- ZERO ALGEBRA:  $(0, m_0 : 0 \otimes 0 \rightarrow 0, u_0 : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow 0)$   
 IF  $\exists$  ZERO OBJ.  $\in \mathcal{C}$   
 $0 \otimes 0 \xrightarrow{\text{m}} 0 \quad \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{\text{u}} 0$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$ : ← GETTING FROM ONE TO ANOTHER...

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b) MULTIPLYING MORPHISM

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SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
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 m \circ \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \circ m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \swarrow & & \searrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \circ u} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow r_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

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 m \otimes \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \searrow & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 l_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
 r_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

← GETTING FROM ONE TO ANOTHER...

GIVEN ALGEBRAS  $(A, m, u)$  &  $(A', m', u')$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$ ,

AN ALGEBRA MORPHISM  $(A, m, u) \rightarrow (A', m', u')$

IS A MORPHISM  $\phi : A \rightarrow A' \in \mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT:

$[\phi \text{ IS COMPATIBLE WITH } m, m']$

$[\phi \text{ IS COMPATIBLE WITH } u, u']$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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 m \circ \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \circ m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \searrow & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes A & \xrightarrow{m} & A \\
 \phi \otimes \phi \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \phi \\
 A' \otimes A' & \xrightarrow{m'} & A'
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & u & \rightarrow A \\
 \mathbb{1} & \cong & \downarrow \phi \\
 & u' & \rightarrow A'
 \end{array}$$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 m \otimes \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes m \\
 A \otimes A & \xrightarrow{m} & A \\
 \uparrow m & & \uparrow m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow r_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
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 \phi \otimes \phi \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \phi \\
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 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & u & \rightarrow A \\
 \mathbb{1} & \cong & \downarrow \phi \\
 & u' & \rightarrow A'
 \end{array}$$

$\text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ : CATEGORY OF ALGEBRAS IN  $\mathcal{C}$   
& THEIR MORPHISMS.



# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \searrow & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
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 \phi \otimes \phi \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \phi \\
 A' \otimes A' & \xrightarrow{m'} & A'
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & u & \rightarrow A \\
 \mathbb{1} & \cong & \downarrow \phi \\
 & u' & \rightarrow A'
 \end{array}$$

MONIC/EPIC/ISO := ALG. MAP THAT IS MONIC/EPIC/ISO IN  $\mathcal{C}$

$\text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ : CATEGORY OF ALGEBRAS IN  $\mathcal{C}$  & THEIR MORPHISMS.

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, \ell, r)$ :

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SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{\alpha_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 m \circ id \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow id \circ m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \swarrow & & \searrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ id} & A \otimes A \\
 \ell_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{id \circ u} & A \otimes A \\
 r_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

MONOIDAL FUNCTORS SEND ALGEBRAS TO ALGEBRAS

$Alg(\mathcal{C})$ : CATEGORY OF ALGEBRAS IN  $\mathcal{C}$   
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# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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 m \searrow & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
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 \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow r_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 A & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

MONOIDAL FUNCTORS SEND ALGEBRAS TO ALGEBRAS

PROP: LET  $(F, F^{(2)}, F^{(0)}) : (\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{C}', \otimes', \mathbb{1}')$  BE A MONOIDAL FUNCTOR.

IF  $(A, m, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 F(A), \\
 m_{F(A)}: \\
 u_{F(A)}:
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}').$$

$\text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ : CATEGORY OF ALGEBRAS IN  $\mathcal{C}$  & THEIR MORPHISMS.

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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(c) UNIT MORPHISM

$$u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\ \text{id} \otimes m \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes m \\ A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\ m \searrow & & \swarrow m \\ & A & \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\ \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\ A & & A \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

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$$\left( \begin{array}{l} F(A), \\ m_{F(A)} : F(A) \otimes' F(A) \xrightarrow{F^{(2)}_{A,A}} F(A \otimes A) \xrightarrow{F(m_A)} F(A), \\ u_{F(A)} : \end{array} \right) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}').$$

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# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

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(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

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$$\left( \begin{array}{l} F(A), \\ m_{F(A)} : F(A) \otimes' F(A) \xrightarrow{F^{(2)}_{A,A}} F(A \otimes A) \xrightarrow{F(m_A)} F(A), \\ u_{F(A)} : \mathbb{1}' \xrightarrow{F^{(0)}} F(\mathbb{1}) \xrightarrow{F(u_A)} F(A) \end{array} \right) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}').$$

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(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

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IF  $(A, m, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN

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THIS INDUCES A FUNCTOR :

$$\text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{F} \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}').$$

# I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

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$$\begin{array}{ccc} (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\ \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \\ A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\ \downarrow m & & \downarrow m \\ A & & A \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\ \downarrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\ A & & A \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\ \downarrow r_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\ A & & A \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

MONOIDAL FUNCTORS SEND ALGEBRAS TO ALGEBRAS

PROP: LET  $(F, F^{(2)}, F^{(0)}) : (\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{C}', \otimes', \mathbb{1}')$  BE A MONOIDAL FUNCTOR.

IF  $(A, m, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} F(A), \\ m_{F(A)} : F(A) \otimes' F(A) \xrightarrow{F^{(2)}_{A,A}} F(A \otimes A) \xrightarrow{F(m_A)} F(A), \\ u_{F(A)} : \mathbb{1}' \xrightarrow{F^{(0)}} F(\mathbb{1}) \xrightarrow{F(u_A)} F(A) \end{array} \right) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}').$$

THIS INDUCES A FUNCTOR :

$$\text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{F} \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}').$$

PROOF  $\equiv$  EXERCISE 4.7

BUT LET'S GO THROUGH

ASSOCIATIVITY

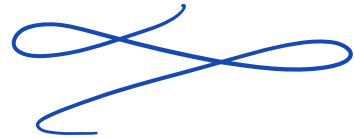
$\equiv$  ON THE BOARD  $\equiv$

## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

MONOIDAL FUNCTORS SEND ALGEBRAS TO ALGEBRAS



MORE ON THIS





## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

THEOREM (SPECIAL CASE OF DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION, KELLY)

TAKE MONOIDAL CATEGORIES  $\mathcal{C}$  AND  $\mathcal{D}$  WITH

$$(F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}) \dashv (G: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C})$$

ADJUNCTION BETWEEN UNDERLYING CATEGORIES

$$\text{UNIT } \eta: \text{Id}_{\mathcal{C}} \Rightarrow GF \quad \& \quad \text{COUNIT } \varepsilon: FG \Rightarrow \text{Id}_{\mathcal{D}}.$$

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 & \downarrow \eta_{G(Y) \otimes^{\mathcal{C}} G(Y')} & \\
 G(Y) \otimes^{\mathcal{C}} G(Y') & \xrightarrow{G(F_{G(Y), G(Y')})^{(-2)}} & G(FG(Y) \otimes^{\mathcal{D}} FG(Y'))
 \end{array}$$

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 \end{array}$$

$$G^{(0)} : \mathbb{1}^{\mathcal{C}} \xrightarrow{\eta_{\mathbb{1}^{\mathcal{C}}}} GF(\mathbb{1}^{\mathcal{C}}) \xrightarrow{G(F^{(-0)})} G(\mathbb{1}^{\mathcal{D}})$$

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EXAMPLE: TAKE  $\phi: H \rightarrow G$  MORPHISM OF FINITE GROUPS

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COINDUCED ALGEBRA

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COINDUCED ALGEBRA

Ex.  $H = \langle e \rangle$

$\mathbb{1} = \mathbb{k} \in \text{Alg}(\text{Vec}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\text{vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, \mathbb{k}) \in \text{Alg}(G\text{-Mod})$

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Ex.  $H = \langle e \rangle$  WILL SHOW  $(\mathbb{k}G)^*$  DUAL GROUP ALG. IS A COINDUCED ALG.

$$\mathbb{1} = \mathbb{k} \in Alg(Vec) \rightarrow Hom_{vec}(\mathbb{k}G, \mathbb{k}) \in Alg(G\text{-Mod})$$

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 \downarrow G(\epsilon \otimes \epsilon) \\
 G(Y \otimes^{\mathcal{C}} Y')
 \end{array}$$

$$G^{(0)}: \mathbb{L}^{\mathcal{C}} \xrightarrow{\eta} GF(\mathbb{L}^{\mathcal{C}}) \xrightarrow{G(F^{-0})} G(\mathbb{L}^{\mathcal{D}})$$

EXAMPLE: TAKE  $\phi: \langle e \rangle \rightarrow G$

$$\left( \text{Res}_{\langle e \rangle}^G: G\text{-Mod} \rightarrow \text{Vec} \right) \dashv \left( \text{Coind}_{\langle e \rangle}^G: \text{Vec} \rightarrow G\text{-Mod} \right)$$

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Ex.  $H = \langle e \rangle$  WILL SHOW  $(\mathbb{k}G)^*$  DUAL GROUP ALG. IS A COINDUCED ALG.

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## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

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$$\downarrow G(F^{(-2)})$$

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$$\downarrow G(\epsilon \otimes \epsilon)$$

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$$\parallel$$

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$$\parallel$$

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$$\parallel$$

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$$\parallel$$

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$$\parallel$$

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$$\eta \left( \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, W) \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, W')) \right)$$

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$$f \otimes f'$$

$\eta$

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, W) \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, W'))$$

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 G(\epsilon \otimes \epsilon) \\
 \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{k}G, W \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} W') \quad (g' \triangleright f)(g) := f(gg') \\
 g' \mapsto (g' \triangleright f)(e_G) \otimes (g' \triangleright f')(e_G) = f(g') \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} f'(g')
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$$M_{\text{Coind}}(\mathbb{K}) := \text{Coind}(M_{\mathbb{K}}) \circ \text{Coind}_{\mathbb{K}, \mathbb{K}}^{(2)}:$$

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \mathbb{K}) \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \mathbb{K}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \mathbb{K})$$

$$\text{Coind}_{W, W'}^{(2)}: \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, W) \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, W')$$

$f \otimes f'$

$$\eta \left( \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, W) \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, W')) \right)$$

$$g' \mapsto [g' \triangleright (f \otimes f')] = [g' \triangleright f] \otimes [g' \triangleright f']$$

$$G(\epsilon \otimes \epsilon) \left( \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, W \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} W') \right)$$

$$g' \mapsto (g' \triangleright f)(e_{\alpha}) \otimes (g' \triangleright f')(e_{\alpha}) = f(g') \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} f'(g')$$

## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION:

- MONOIDAL CATS  $\mathcal{C}$  AND  $\mathcal{D}$ .
- $(F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}) \dashv (G: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C})$   
 $\eta: Id_{\mathcal{C}} \Rightarrow GF$  &  $\epsilon: FG \Rightarrow Id_{\mathcal{D}}$

IF  $F$  IS STRONG MONOIDAL,  
 THEN  $G$  IS MONOIDAL WITH:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 G_{Y, Y'}^{(2)}: G(Y) \otimes^{\otimes} G(Y') \\
 \downarrow \eta \\
 \text{FOR } Y, Y' \in \mathcal{D} \\
 GF(G(Y) \otimes^{\otimes} G(Y')) \\
 \downarrow G(F^{-2}) \\
 G(FG(Y) \otimes^{\otimes} FG(Y')) \\
 \downarrow G(\epsilon \otimes \epsilon) \\
 G(Y \otimes^{\otimes} Y')
 \end{array}$$

$$G^{(0)}: \mathbb{1}^{\otimes} \xrightarrow{\eta} GF(\mathbb{1}^{\otimes}) \xrightarrow{G(F^{-0})} G(\mathbb{1}^{\otimes})$$

EXAMPLE: TAKE  $\phi: \langle e \rangle \rightarrow G$

$$\left( \text{Res}_{\langle e \rangle}^G: G\text{-Mod} \rightarrow \text{Vec} \right) \dashv \left( \text{Coind}_{\langle e \rangle}^G: \text{Vec} \rightarrow G\text{-Mod} \right)$$

$$M_{\text{Coind}}(\mathbb{K}) := \text{Coind}(M_{\mathbb{K}}) \circ \text{Coind}_{\mathbb{K}, \mathbb{K}}^{(2)} :$$

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 \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \mathbb{K}) \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \mathbb{K}) \longrightarrow \text{Hom}_{\text{Vec}}(\mathbb{K}G, \mathbb{K}) \\
 f \otimes f' \longmapsto [g' \mapsto f(g) f'(g')]
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$f \otimes f'$

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## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION:

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 G(Y \otimes^{\mathcal{D}} Y')
 \end{array}$$

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$$M_{(\mathbb{K}G)^*} : (\mathbb{K}G)^* \otimes (\mathbb{K}G)^* \longrightarrow (\mathbb{K}G)^*$$

$$p_{g_1} \otimes p_{g_2} \longmapsto \delta_{g_1, g_2} p_{g_1}$$

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## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

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## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

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(NEED = ON UNITS TOO...)

## II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS

DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION:

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$$\begin{array}{c}
 G^{(2)}_{Y, Y'} : G(Y) \otimes^{\mathcal{C}} G(Y') \\
 \downarrow \eta \\
 \text{FOR } Y, Y' \in \mathcal{D} \\
 GF(G(Y) \otimes^{\mathcal{C}} G(Y')) \\
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DETAILS =  
 EXERCISES  
 4.2, 4.8 & 4.18

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# ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

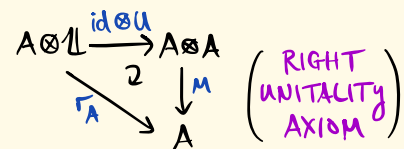
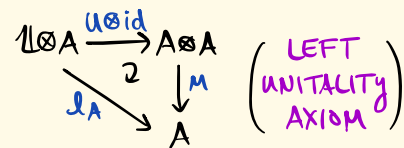
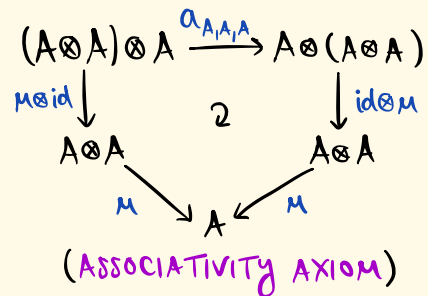
(b) MULTIPLYING MORPHISM

$$m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

(c) UNIT MORPHISM

$$u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$$

SATISFYING:



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SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 m \circ \text{id} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \circ m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 m \swarrow & & \searrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

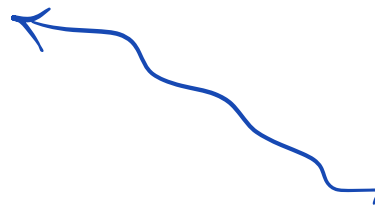
(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \circ \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 l_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \circ u} & A \otimes A \\
 r_A \searrow & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)



NOW LET'S STUDY SUBSTRUCTURES  
& QUOTIENT STRUCTURES

# ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

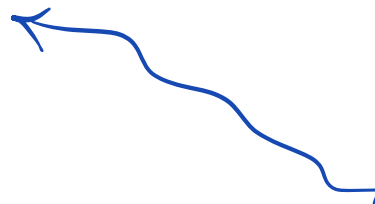
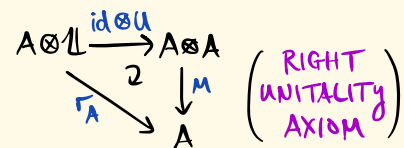
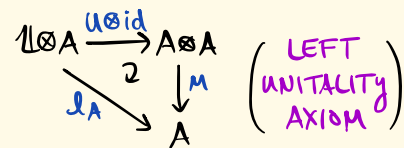
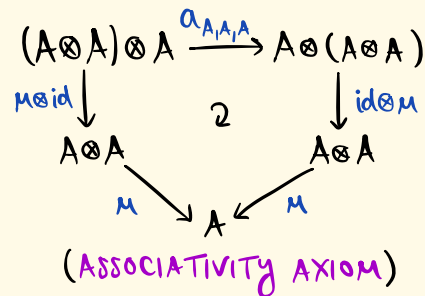
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NOW LET'S STUDY SUBSTRUCTURES  
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### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

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 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
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 & & A
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

A SUBALGEBRA OF  $(A, m_A, u_A)$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$  IS AN ALGEBRA  $(B, m_B, u_B)$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$

SUCH THAT  $B_{\text{obj}}$  IS A SUBOBJECT OF  $A_{\text{obj}}$  VIA MONO  $\iota := \iota_B^A : B \rightarrow A, \ \& \ \iota \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}).$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

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 & A & 
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$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 B \otimes B & \xrightarrow{m_B} & B \\
 \downarrow \iota \otimes \iota & \cong & \downarrow \iota \\
 A \otimes A & \xrightarrow{m_A} & A
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & & B \\
 u_B \nearrow & & \downarrow \iota \\
 \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{u} & A \\
 u_A \searrow & & 
 \end{array}$$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

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 $m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

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SUCH THAT  $B_{\text{obj}}$  IS A SUBOBJECT OF  $A_{\text{obj}}$   
 VIA MONO  $l := l_B^A : B \rightarrow A$ ,  $\exists l \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

IF  $\nexists u_B$  OR IF  $l u_B \neq u_A$ ,  
 B IS NONUNITAL SUBALGEBRA OF A.

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

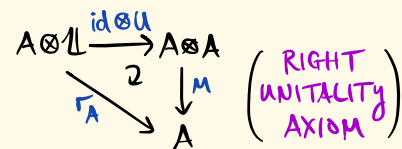
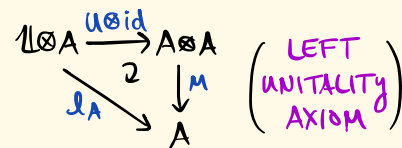
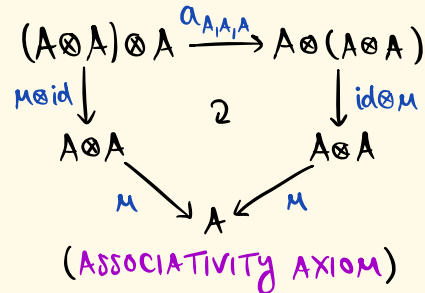
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b) MULTIPLY MORPHISM  
 $m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c) UNIT MORPHISM  
 $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SATISFYING:



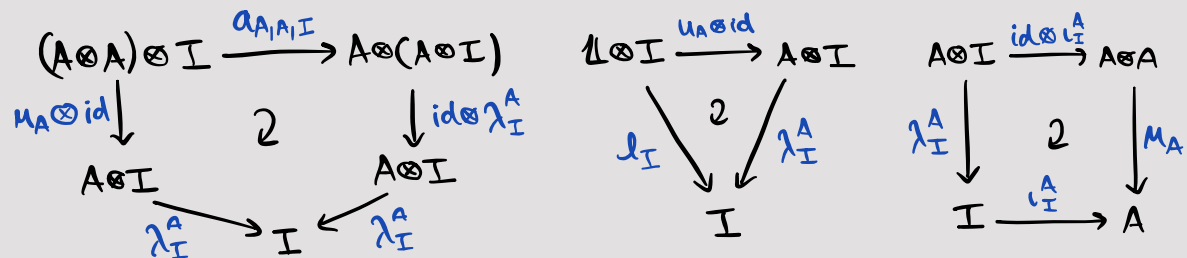
A SUBALGEBRA OF  $(A, m_A, u_A)$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$  IS AN ALGEBRA  $(B, m_B, u_B)$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$

SUCH THAT  $B_{\text{obj}}$  IS A SUBOBJECT OF  $A_{\text{obj}}$  VIA MONO  $\iota := \iota_B^A : B \rightarrow A, \ \& \ \iota \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C}).$

IF  $\nexists u_B$  OR IF  $\iota u_B \neq u_A,$   
 $B$  IS NONUNITAL SUBALGEBRA OF  $A.$

A LEFT IDEAL OF  $(A, m_A, u_A)$  CONSISTS OF A SUBOBJECT  $(I, \iota := \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A)$

AND A MORPHISM  $\lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I$  SUCH THAT



### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

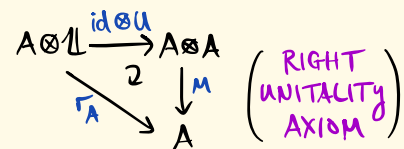
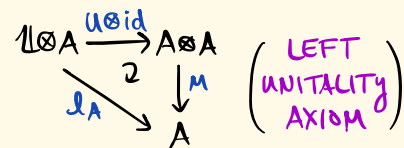
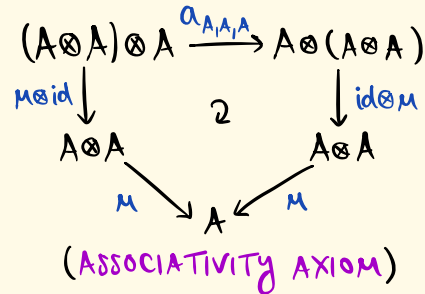
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

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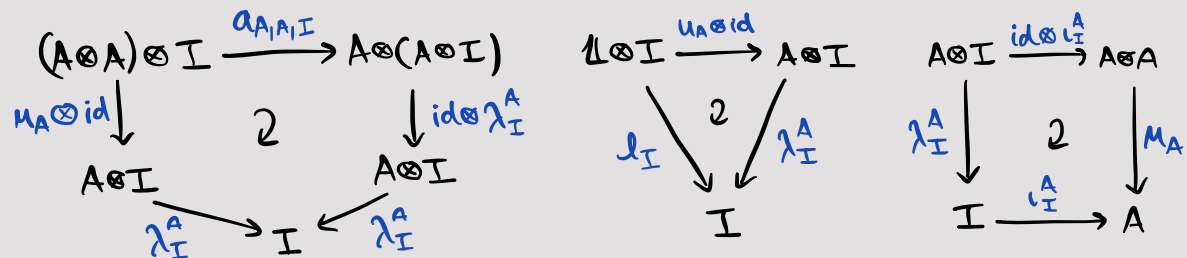
SATISFYING:



RIGHT IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$   
 DEFINED LIKEWISE

A LEFT IDEAL OF  $(A, m_A, u_A)$  CONSISTS OF  
 A SUBOBJECT  $(I, \iota := \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A)$

AND A MORPHISM  $\lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I$  SUCH THAT





### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

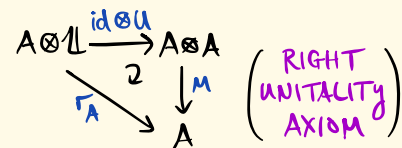
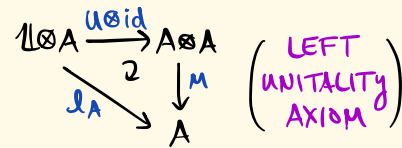
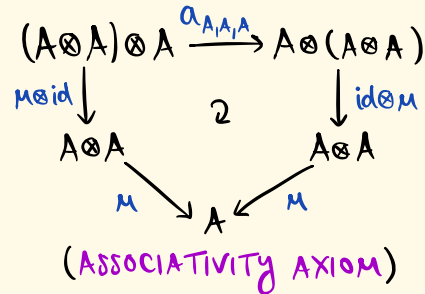
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

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SATISFYING:



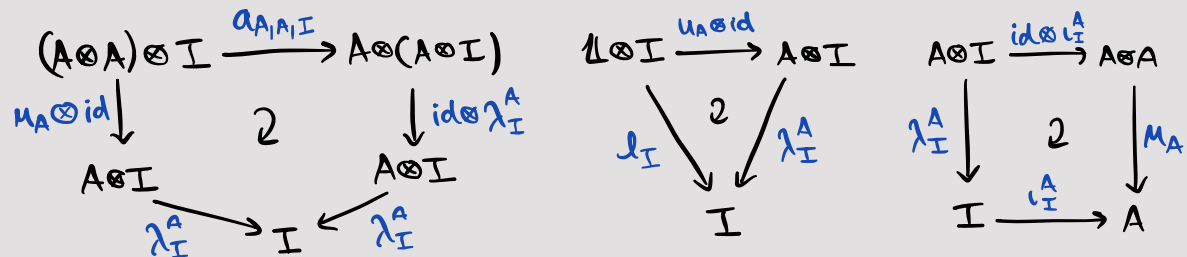
RIGHT IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$   
 DEFINED LIKEWISE

IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$

$(I, \iota, \lambda) \equiv$  LEFT IDEAL  $\neq$  ???  
 $(I, \iota, \rho) \equiv$  RIGHT IDEAL

A LEFT IDEAL OF  $(A, m_A, u_A)$  CONSISTS OF  
 A SUBOBJECT  $(I, \iota := \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A)$

AND A MORPHISM  $\lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I$  SUCH THAT



### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b) MULTIPLY MORPHISM  
 $m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c) UNIT MORPHISM  
 $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SATISFYING:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,A}} & A \otimes (A \otimes A) \\
 \downarrow m \otimes \text{id} & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes m \\
 A \otimes A & & A \otimes A \\
 \searrow m & & \swarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(ASSOCIATIVITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes A & \xrightarrow{u \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes A \\
 \searrow l_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(LEFT UNITALITY AXIOM)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes \mathbb{1} & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes u} & A \otimes A \\
 \searrow r_A & \cong & \downarrow m \\
 & A & 
 \end{array}$$

(RIGHT UNITALITY AXIOM)

RIGHT IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$   
 DEFINED LIKEWISE

IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$

$(I, \iota, \lambda) \equiv$  LEFT IDEAL  
 $(I, \iota, \rho) \equiv$  RIGHT IDEAL

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes I) \otimes A & \xrightarrow{a_{A,I,A}} & A \otimes (I \otimes A) \\
 \downarrow \lambda \otimes \text{id} & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes \rho \\
 I \otimes A & & A \otimes I \\
 \searrow \rho & & \swarrow \lambda \\
 & I & 
 \end{array}$$

A LEFT IDEAL OF  $(A, m_A, u_A)$  CONSISTS OF  
 A SUBOBJECT  $(I, \iota := \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A)$

AND A MORPHISM  $\lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I$  SUCH THAT

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (A \otimes A) \otimes I & \xrightarrow{a_{A,A,I}} & A \otimes (A \otimes I) \\
 \downarrow m_A \otimes \text{id} & \cong & \downarrow \text{id} \otimes \lambda_I^A \\
 A \otimes I & & A \otimes I \\
 \searrow \lambda_I^A & & \swarrow \lambda_I^A \\
 & I & 
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{1} \otimes I & \xrightarrow{u_A \otimes \text{id}} & A \otimes I \\
 \searrow l_I & \cong & \downarrow \lambda_I^A \\
 & I & 
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A \otimes I & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes \iota_I^A} & A \otimes A \\
 \downarrow \lambda_I^A & \cong & \downarrow m_A \\
 I & \xrightarrow{\iota_I^A} & A
 \end{array}$$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

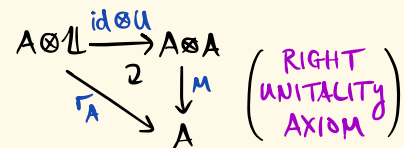
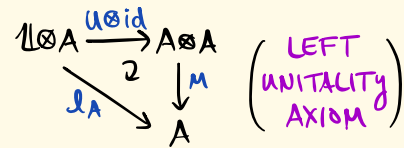
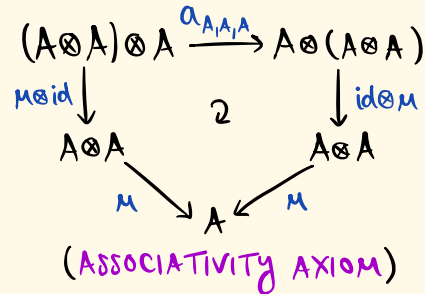
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

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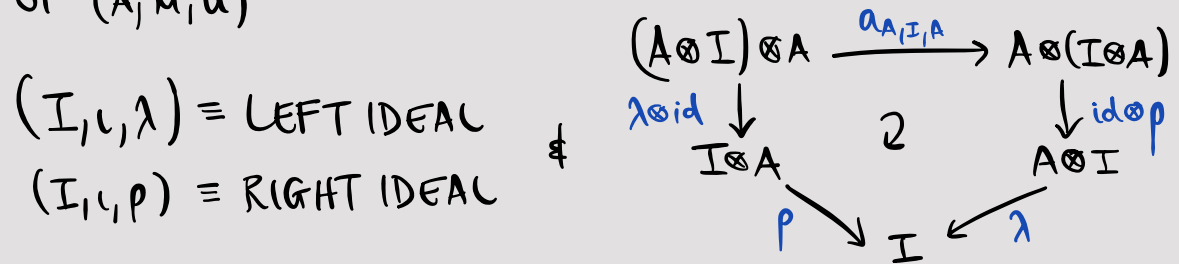
(c) UNIT MORPHISM  
 $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SATISFYING:



RIGHT IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$   
 DEFINED LIKEWISE

IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \lambda_I^A : A \otimes I \rightarrow I, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
 OF  $(A, m, u)$



EXAMPLE: IDEALS OF  $(A, m, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ :

- $A$  OBJ WITH  $\iota = \text{id}_A, \lambda = m_A, \rho = m_A$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

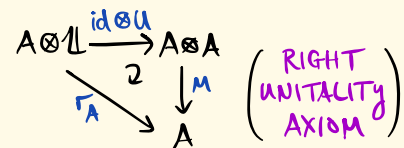
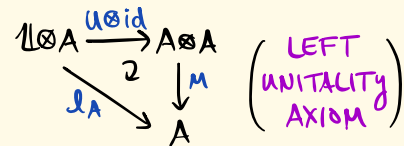
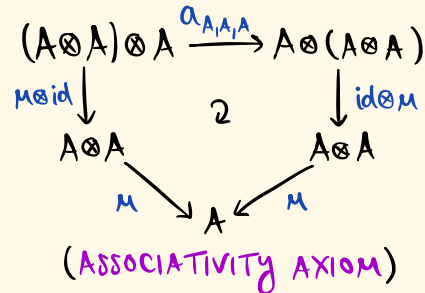
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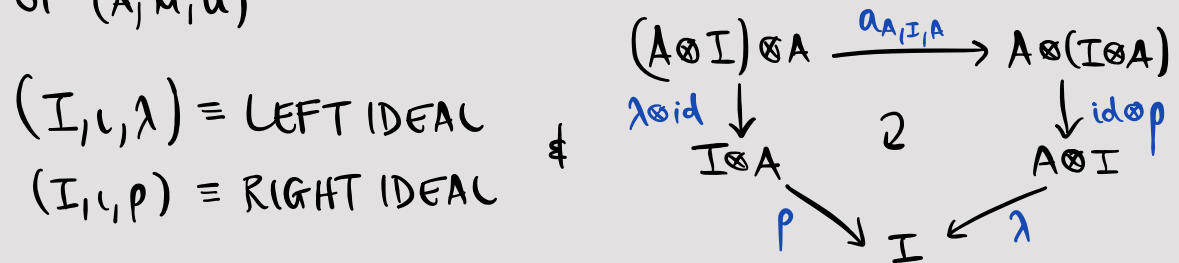
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 $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SATISFYING:



RIGHT IDEAL  $\equiv (I, \iota_I^A : I \rightarrow A, \rho_I^A : I \otimes A \rightarrow I)$   
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 DEFINED LIKEWISE

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EXAMPLE: IDEALS OF  $(A, m, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ :

- $A_{\text{obj}}$  WITH  $\iota = \text{id}_A$ ,  $\lambda = m_A$ ,  $\rho = m_A$
- $0$  WITH  $\iota = \vec{0}_A$ ,  $\lambda =_{A \otimes 0} \vec{0}$ ,  $\rho =_{0 \otimes A} \vec{0}$   
 (ZERO OBJ)

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

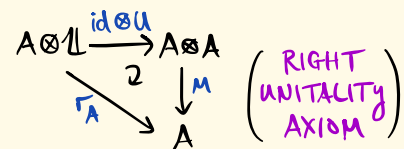
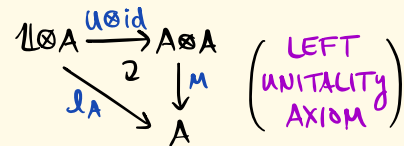
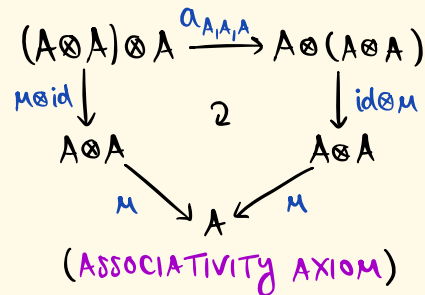
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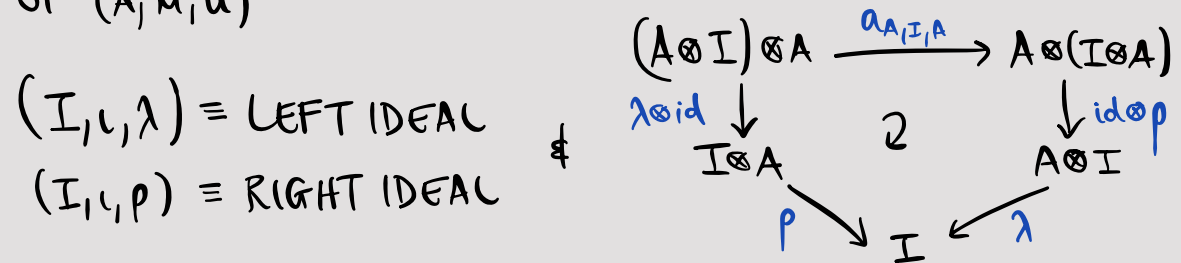
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EXAMPLE: IDEALS OF  $(A, m, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ :

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- $0$  WITH  $\iota = \vec{0}_A$ ,  $\lambda =_{A \otimes 0} \vec{0}$ ,  $\rho =_{0 \otimes A} \vec{0}$   
 (ZERO OBJ)

ALL OTHER IDEALS OF  $A \equiv$  PROPER IDEALS OF  $A$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

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(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, c) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\Rightarrow$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda c = \mu(\text{id} \otimes c) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho c = \mu(c \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

COOL FACT: IDEALS ARE NONUNITAL SUBALGEBRAS.

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

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SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

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$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

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EXERCISE 4.13 "IF I CONTAINS  $\mathbb{1}_A$ , THEN  $I=A$ ."

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

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SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\exists$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

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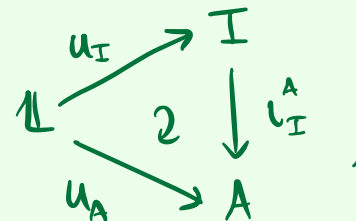
$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

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EXERCISE 4.13 "IF  $I$  CONTAINS  $\mathbb{1}_A$ , THEN  $I=A$ ."

SUPPOSE  $I$  IS AN IDEAL OF AN ALGEBRA  $A$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$ .

IF  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $u_I : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow I$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT





### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

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SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
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$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

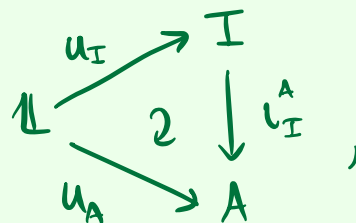
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IF  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $u_I : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow I$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT



THEN,  $I$  IS A UNITAL SUBALGEBRA OF  $A$  WITH UNIT  $u_I$

&  $I \cong A$  AS ALGEBRAS IN  $\mathcal{C}$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

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SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \\ \quad \exists. \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

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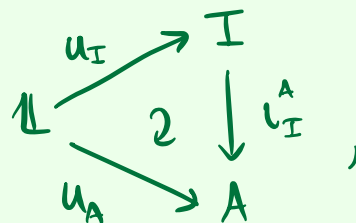
$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, u) \rightarrow (A', \mu', u') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{OBJ}} : A_{\text{OBJ}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{OBJ}}$  FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$ .

EXERCISE 4.13 "IF I CONTAINS  $1_A$ , THEN  $I=A$ ."

SUPPOSE I IS AN IDEAL OF AN ALGEBRA A IN  $\mathcal{C}$ .

IF  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $u_I : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow I$  IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT



THEN, I IS A UNITAL SUBALGEBRA OF A WITH UNIT  $u_I$

&  $I \cong A$  AS ALGEBRAS IN  $\mathcal{C}$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\exists$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{cases}$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, u) \rightarrow (A', \mu', u') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{OBJ}} : A_{\text{OBJ}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{OBJ}}$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$ .

PROOF SKETCH:

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\text{OBJ}})$  w/  $\begin{array}{c} I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A \\ \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}} \end{array}$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $\eta := \eta_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$

$\exists$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(\eta \circ \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a' \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes \eta) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{cases}$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, \eta) \rightarrow (A', \mu', \eta') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{OBJ}} : A_{\text{OBJ}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{OBJ}}$  FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$ .

PROOF SKETCH:

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\text{OBJ}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:

$A \otimes I$

$I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A'$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $\eta := \eta_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } \mathcal{C} \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\Rightarrow$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) \circ a \\ \lambda(\eta \otimes \text{id}) = \eta \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) \circ a' \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes \eta) = \eta \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{cases}$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) \circ a$

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, \eta) \rightarrow (A', \mu', \eta') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\otimes \text{id}} : A \otimes \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A' \otimes \mathbb{1}$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$ .

PROOF SKETCH:

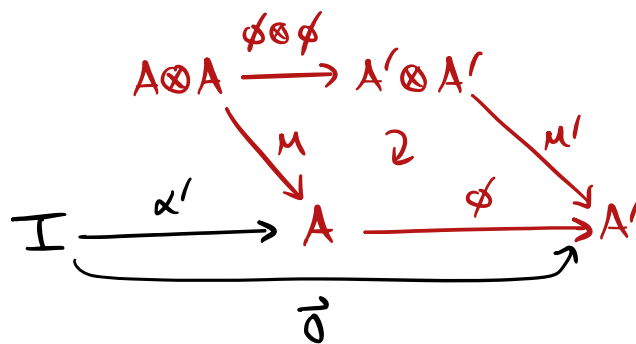
LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\otimes \text{id}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:

$[\phi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})]$

$A \otimes I$



### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $\eta := \eta_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\Rightarrow$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) \circ a \\ \lambda(\eta \circ \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \circ \text{id}) \circ a' \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes \eta) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{cases}$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) \circ a$

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, \eta) \rightarrow (A', \mu', \eta') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\otimes \text{id}} : A \otimes A \rightarrow A' \otimes A'$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$ .

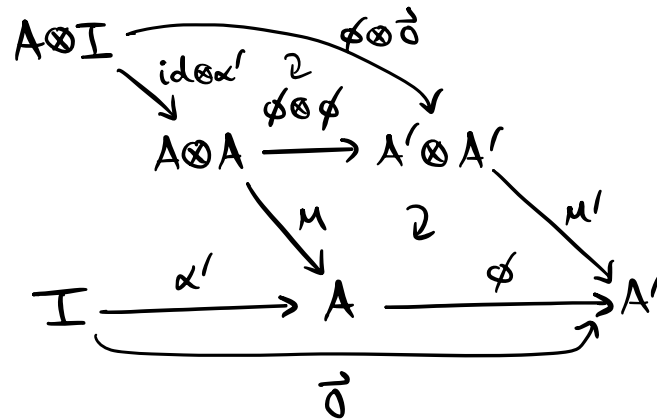
PROOF SKETCH:

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\otimes \text{id}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A'$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:

$[\phi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})]$



### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $\eta := \eta_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, \eta) \rightarrow (A', \mu', \eta') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{obj}} : A_{\text{obj}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{obj}}$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$ .

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\Rightarrow$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(\eta \circ \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \circ \text{id}) a' \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes \eta) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

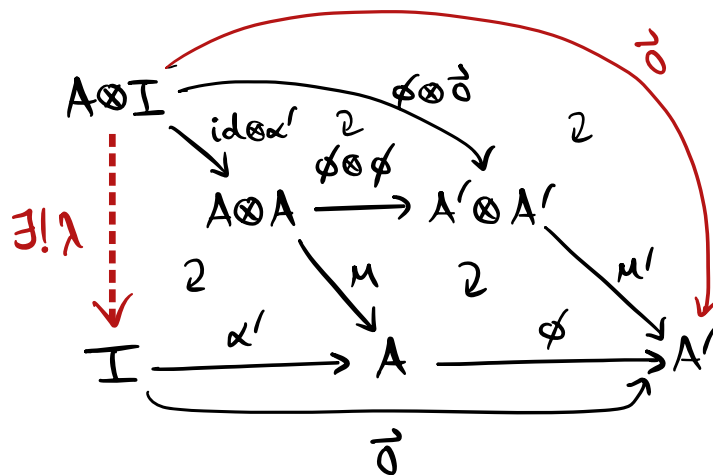
PROOF SKETCH:

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\text{obj}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:

$[\phi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})]$



$[\text{BY UNIV. PROP. OF KERNELS}]$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $\eta := \eta_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$

$(I, \iota)$  SUBOBJ. OF  $A$   
 $\lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I$   
 $\rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I$   
 $\exists$

$\lambda(\mu \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \circ \lambda) a$   
 $\lambda(\eta \circ \text{id}) = l$   
 $\lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \circ \iota)$

$\rho(\text{id} \circ \mu) = \rho(\rho \circ \text{id}) a'$   
 $\rho(\text{id} \circ \eta) = r$   
 $\rho \iota = \mu(\iota \circ \text{id})$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \circ \rho) a$

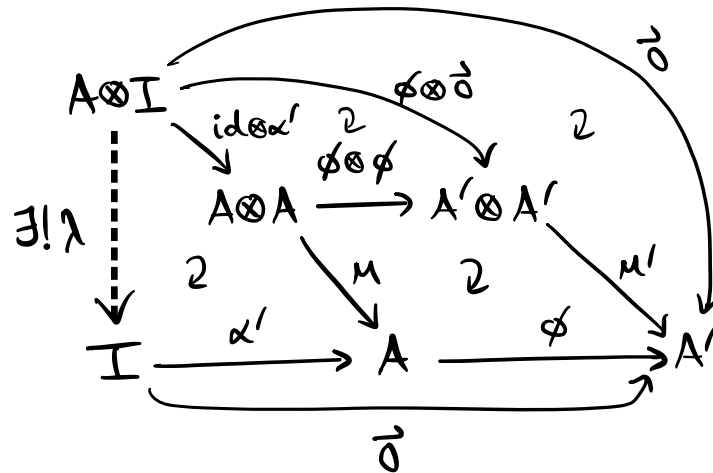
PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, \mu, \eta) \rightarrow (A', \mu', \eta') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{OBJ}} : A_{\text{OBJ}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{OBJ}}$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$ .

PROOF SKETCH:

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\text{OBJ}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:



LIKEWISE, GET  $\rho$

[BY UNIV. PROP. OF KERNELS]

THEN CHECK  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$   
 IS INDEED AN  
 IDEAL OF  $A \dots \equiv$



### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, m, u) \rightarrow (A', m', u') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{OBJ}} : A_{\text{OBJ}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{OBJ}}$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, m, u)$ .

IDEAL OF  $(A, m, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\Rightarrow$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(m \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \circ \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = m(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes m) = \rho(\rho \circ \text{id}) a' \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = m(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

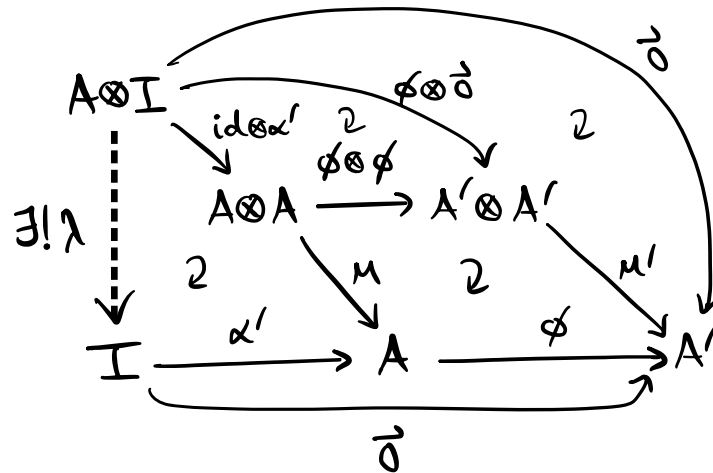
$\left[ \rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a \right.$

PROOF SKETCH:

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\text{OBJ}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A$   
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\vec{0}}$

TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:



LIKEWISE, GET  $\rho$

[BY UNIV. PROP. OF KERNELS]

THEN CHECK  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$   
 IS INDEED AN  
 IDEAL OF  $A \dots \equiv$

### III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $m := m_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

PROP: IF  $\phi : (A, m, u) \rightarrow (A', m', u') \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ , THEN  
 THE KERNEL OF  $\phi_{\text{obj}} : A_{\text{obj}} \rightarrow A'_{\text{obj}}$   
 FORMS AN IDEAL OF  $(A, m, u)$ .

IDEAL OF  $(A, m, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\exists$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(m \circ \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \circ \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = m(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes m) = \rho(\rho \circ \text{id}) a' \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = m(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

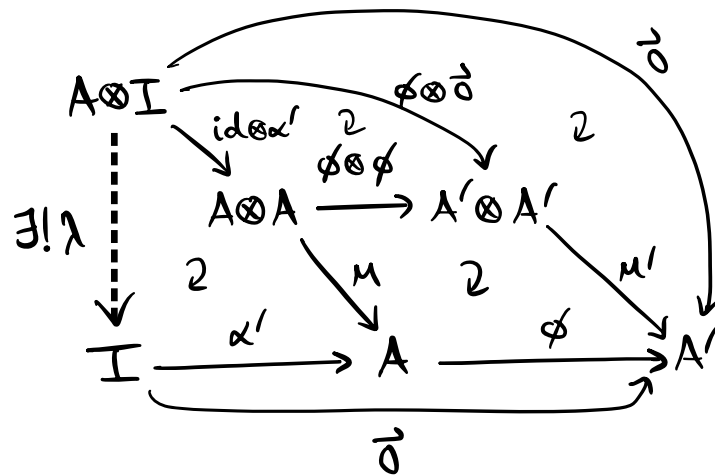
$\left[ \rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a \right.$

PROOF SKETCH:

DETAILS = EXERCISE 4.14

LET  $I := \ker(\phi_{\text{obj}})$  w/  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha'} A \xrightarrow{\phi} A$   
 TAKE  $\iota := \alpha'$

GET  $\lambda$  AS FOLLOWS:



LIKEWISE, GET  $\rho$

[BY UNIV. PROP. OF KERNELS]

THEN CHECK  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$   
 IS INDEED AN  
 IDEAL OF  $A$ ...

## IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

BUILT WITH  
COKERNELS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, i) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$

$\exists$ .

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda i = \mu(\text{id} \otimes i) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho i = \mu(i \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

## IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, i) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$

$\Rightarrow$

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$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho i = \mu(i \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

BUILT WITH  
COKERNELS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
&  $(X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

AS RIGHT EXACT FUNCTORS  
PRESERVE COKERNELS

## IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\& (\lambda \otimes -), (- \otimes \lambda)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\Rightarrow$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a \right.$

PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .

THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota : I \rightarrow A$ :

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad \delta \quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad 2 \quad} \\ \xrightarrow{\quad \pi \quad} \end{array} \\ I \xrightarrow{\quad \iota \quad} A \xrightarrow{\quad \pi \quad} \text{coker}(\iota) =: A/I \end{array}$$

FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

## IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\lambda(X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A: A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A: \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda: A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho: I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\exists$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .

THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota: I \rightarrow A$ :

$$\begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\delta} \\ I \xrightarrow{\iota} A \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{coker}(\iota) =: A/I \end{array}$$

FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \exists. A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .

## IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\& (X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\exists$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .

THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota : I \rightarrow A$ :

$$\begin{array}{c} \overset{\delta}{\curvearrowright} \\ I \xrightarrow{\iota} A \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{coker}(\iota) =: A/I \end{array}$$

FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \exists. A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .

HERE

$$\begin{array}{c} \overset{\delta}{\curvearrowright} \\ (A \otimes I) \cup_{I \otimes I} (I \otimes A) \xrightarrow{\iota \cup \iota} A \otimes A \xrightarrow{\alpha} \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota) \end{array}$$

## IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\& (X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$

(a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$

(b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

(c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$

SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$

$\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\exists$

$\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$

$\begin{cases} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{cases}$

$[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .

THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota : I \rightarrow A$ :

$$\begin{array}{c} \overset{\circlearrowleft}{\delta} \\ I \xrightarrow{\iota} A \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{coker}(\iota) =: A/I \end{array}$$

FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \exists. A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .

HERE

$$\begin{array}{c} \overset{\circlearrowleft}{\delta} \\ (A \otimes I) \cup_{I \otimes I} (I \otimes A) \xrightarrow{\iota \cup \iota} A \otimes A \xrightarrow[\pi \otimes \pi]{\alpha} \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota) \end{array}$$



# IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\mathbb{k}(X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

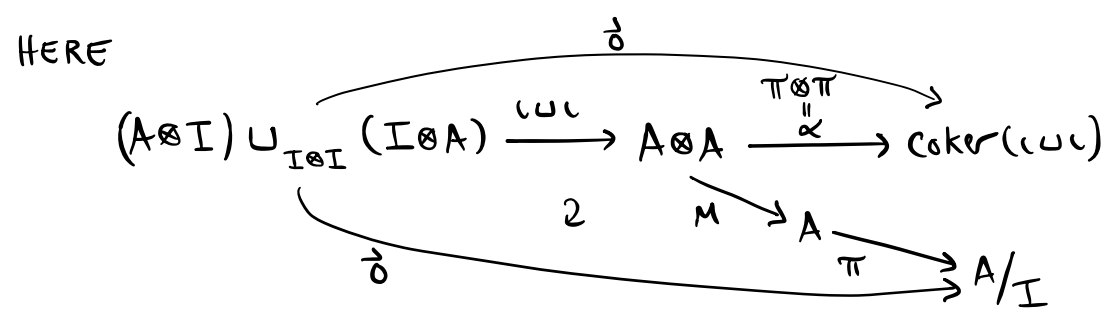
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $\eta := \eta_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, \eta)$   
 $\equiv \begin{cases} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{cases}$   
 $\Rightarrow$   
 $\begin{cases} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(\eta \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{cases}$   
 $\begin{cases} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes \eta) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{cases}$   
 $[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, \eta) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .  
 THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota : I \rightarrow A$ :  

$$I \xrightarrow{\iota} A \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{coker}(\iota) =: A/I$$
 FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \Rightarrow A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .



# IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\& (X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

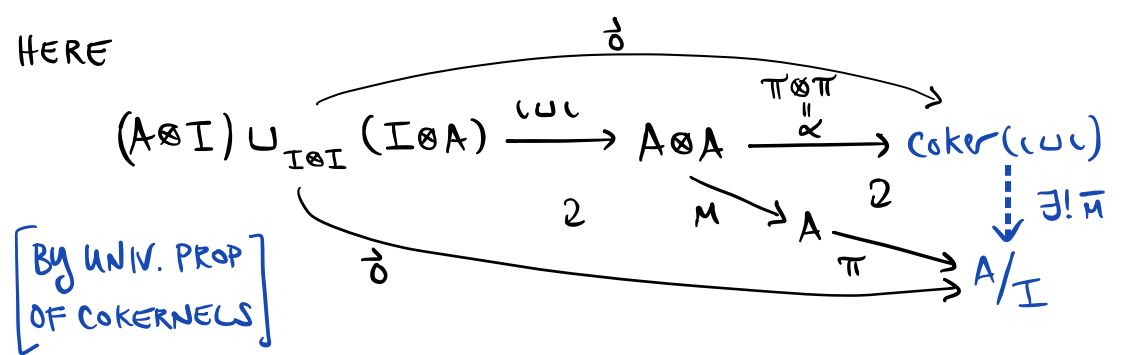
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$   
 $\equiv \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (I, \iota) \text{ SUBOBJ. OF } A \\ \lambda : A \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \rho : I \otimes A \rightarrow I \end{array} \right.$   
 $\exists$   
 $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \lambda(\mu \otimes \text{id}) = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \lambda) a \\ \lambda(u \otimes \text{id}) = l \\ \lambda \iota = \mu(\text{id} \otimes \iota) \end{array} \right.$   
 $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$   
 $[\rho \lambda = \lambda(\text{id} \otimes \rho) a$

PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .  
 THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota : I \rightarrow A$ :  

$$I \xrightarrow{\iota} A \xrightarrow{\pi} \text{coker}(\iota) =: A/I$$
 FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \exists. A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .



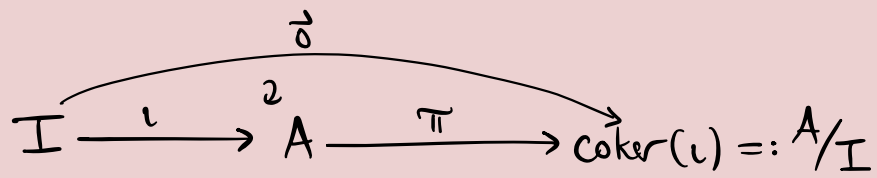
# IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
 $\mathbb{1}(X \otimes -), (- \otimes X)$  ARE RIGHT EXACT  $\forall X$ .

ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (b)  $\mu := \mu_A : A \otimes A \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 (c)  $u := u_A : \mathbb{1} \rightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}$   
 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

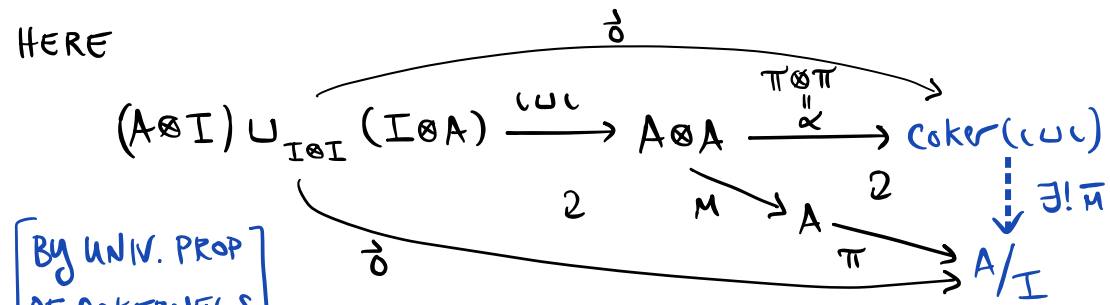
IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$   
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 $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(id \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes id) a^{-1} \\ \rho(id \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes id) \end{array} \right.$   
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PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .  
 THEN THE COKERNEL OF  $\iota : I \rightarrow A$ :



FORMS AN ALGEBRA IN  $\mathcal{C}$  SUCH THAT  $\pi \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \exists. A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .



[BY UNIV. PROP OF COKERNELS]

MOREOVER, TAKE  $\bar{u} : \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{u_A} A \xrightarrow{\pi} A/I$ .

# IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
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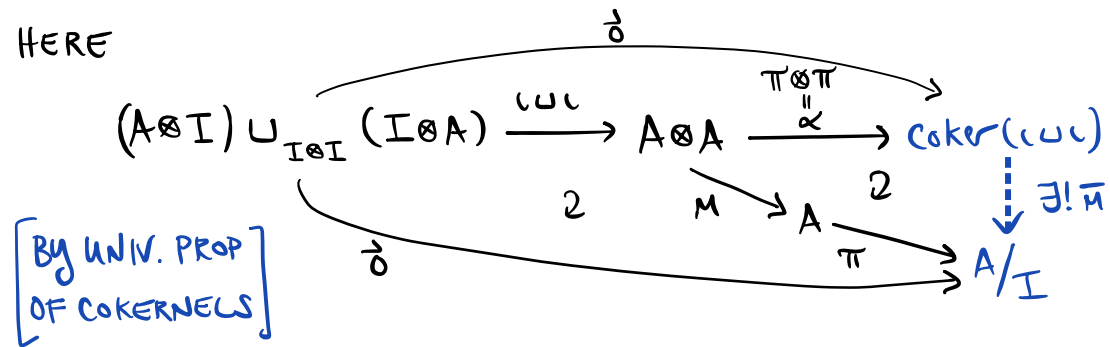
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
 (a) OBJECT  $A \in \mathcal{C}$   
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IDEAL OF  $(A, \mu, u)$   
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 $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \rho(\text{id} \otimes \mu) = \rho(\rho \otimes \text{id}) a^{-1} \\ \rho(\text{id} \otimes u) = r \\ \rho \iota = \mu(\iota \otimes \text{id}) \end{array} \right.$   
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PROP: TAKE  $(A, \mu, u) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$  WITH IDEAL  $(I, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$ .  
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PROOF SKETCH:  $\exists$  MORPHISM  $\iota \cup \iota \exists. A/I \otimes A/I \cong \text{coker}(\iota \cup \iota)$ .



MOREOVER, TAKE  $\bar{u} : \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{u_A} A \xrightarrow{\pi} A/I$ .

CHECK  $(A/I, \bar{\mu}, \bar{u}) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

# IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

FULL DETAILS  
IN §4.2.2

ASSUME  $\mathcal{C}$  IS ABELIAN MONOIDAL  
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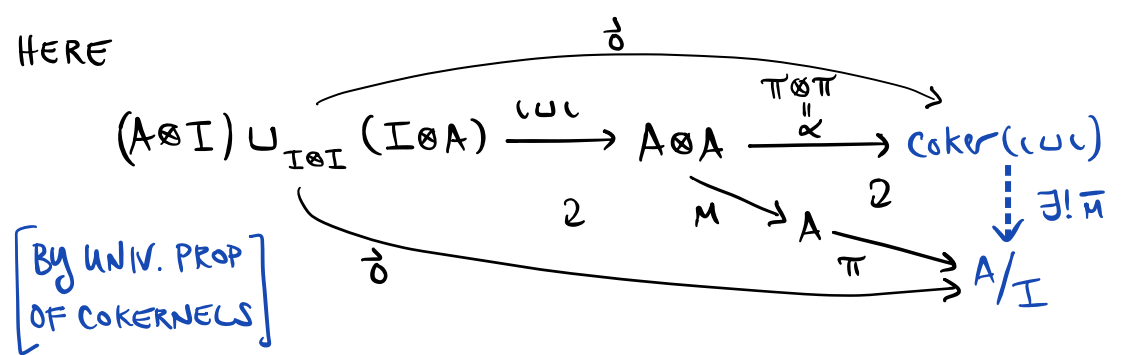
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 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

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[BY UNIV. PROP  
OF COKERNELS]

MOREOVER, TAKE  $\bar{u} : \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{u_A} A \xrightarrow{\pi} A/I$ .

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# IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS

FULL DETAILS  
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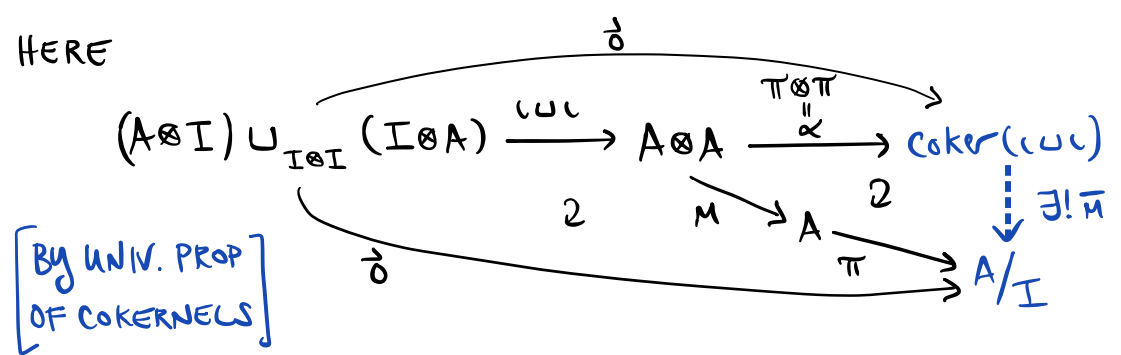
ALGEBRA IN  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, \mathbb{1}, a, l, r)$   
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 SAT. ASSOC. & UNIT. AXIOMS

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MOREOVER, TAKE  $\bar{u} : \mathbb{1} \xrightarrow{u_A} A \xrightarrow{\pi} A/I$ .

COULD DO THIS ON THE BOARD IF YOU'D LIKE?  
 CHECK  $(A/I, \bar{\mu}, \bar{u}) \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ .

MATH 466/566  
SPRING 2024

CHELSEA WALTON  
RICE U.

## LECTURE #18

### NEXT TIME

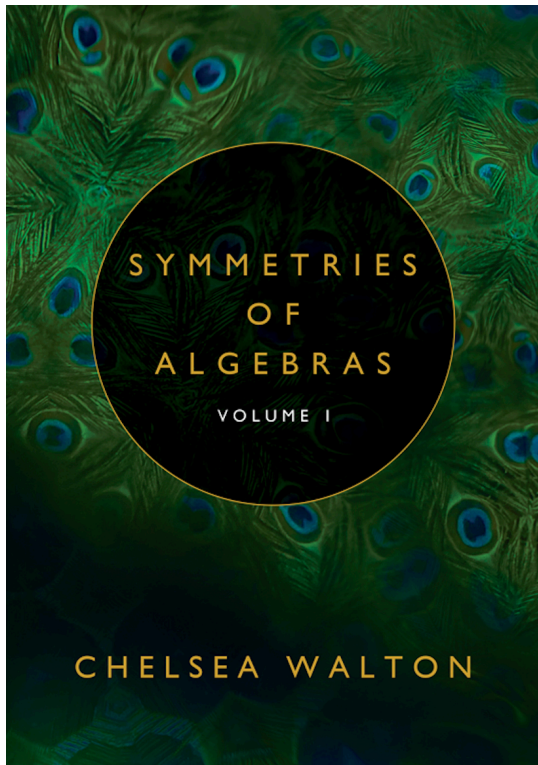
- (BI)MODULES OVER  $A \in \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$
- MONADS & THEIR MODULES

### TOPICS:

- I. ALGEBRAS IN MONOIDAL CATEGORIES (§4.1.1)
- II. DOCTRINAL ADJUNCTION & COINDUCED ALGEBRAS (§4.3.1)
- III. SUBALGEBRAS AND IDEALS (§4.2.1)
- IV. QUOTIENT ALGEBRAS (§4.2.2)

**Enjoy this lecture?  
You'll enjoy the textbook!**

**C. Walton's "Symmetries of Algebras, Volume 1" (2024)**



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&  
Google Play**

Lecture #18 keywords: algebra in a monoidal category, coinduced algebra, Doctrinal Adjunction, ideal in a monoidal category, monad, quotient algebra in a monoidal category, subalgebra in a monoidal category